

Provincial Library
Edmonton.

Vulcan Advocate

VOL. III No. 33

THE VULCAN ADVOCATE, APRIL 5, 1916

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR



FLOWERS

You will want Flowers for

EASTERTIDE

EASTER LILIES from 50c to 1.50

Leave your order early and be sure of a beautiful flower.

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST

Rexall Remedies

VULCAN

The Hair Tonic which has gained our confidence is Rexall "93" Hair Tonic. All Rexall Drug Stores sell it under positive guarantee—50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Mrs. Claude Terwilliger was hurriedly called to Forest Grove, Ore., this week, owing to the sudden illness of her father, who is dangerously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Terwilliger and family are leaving Vulcan about the middle of this month to make their home in Calgary. Mr. Terwilliger's growing business necessitates his being centrally situated, and that is the reason for leaving Vulcan.

Messrs. J. L. Haight, and S.E. Taylor, who recently left Vulcan for the coast, write to say that they have enlisted in the Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles, and are also taking up a course in aviation.

A meeting of the ratepayers is called for Friday evening in the Masonic hall to consider the question of municipally owned skating and curling rinks. A good attendance is requested.

Messrs. H. W. Reeves are having a special sale each week. This week it is mens shirts.

C.B. Shimp reports the sale of the south half of 24-17-23, to S.C. Stewart, of Brant.

SEEDING IN FULL SWING IN VULCAN DISTRICT

Jacobson Brothers Have 200 Acres Seeded, Commencing on March 20th

The work for Spring has commenced and the farmers are getting into the fields with the drills and harrows, and in a day or so it will be general throughout the district.

The weather during the past few days has been sufficiently warm to allow of work being started, although for the most part it has not been possible to start before noon, only one or two mornings seeing anything being done.

About the first farmers to commence seeding were the Jacobson Brothers, who have seeded about 200 acres to date, beginning on the 20th of March when the warm spell was here. After that they were held up until the last few days.

The slight falls of rain and snow which occurred the latter part of last week rendered the ground too wet and heavy for a day or so, and that stopped work, but the days are getting slightly warmer and it will only be a day or two before work is general throughout the district.

'The Princess of Siam'

It is not often that Vulcan is the object of a musical comedy visit but the unexpected happened last Friday when A.T. Pelarske's company appeared at the Shimp hall in a one act play entitled 'Patriot and Spy', followed by the musical comedy, 'The Princess of Siam'.

The play dealt with an 'espionage incident of the present war', and was very ably presented, the various characters being in capable hands. There was in the play an intense dramatic interest that gripped the audience from the start.

'The Princess of Siam' was a bright witty affair with lots of vigour to it, as well as some good songs. Particularly good were J.K. Park as the King and Geo. Kirkwald as Nicodemus Wildhope and to them fell the greater part of the comedy work.

The entertainment was heartily enjoyed by a fairly large audience.

REID HILL WOMENS INSTITUTE MEETING

Hold Annual Meeting and Elect Officer for Ensuing Year

The annual meeting of the Reid Hill Womens Institute was held at the home of Miss. Bertha Smith recently, and the following officers were elected:-

President, Mrs. J. B. Marshall, 1st. vice president, Mrs. G. Walker; 2nd. vice president, Mrs. M. Hawkins; secretary, Mrs. G. Mackay; corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. Cooper; directors, Mesdames. Mack; J. Myers; Greenlee; and Miss. F. Smith; auditors, Mrs. W. E. Myers and Miss. B. Smith.

Following the election of officers the report of the Womens Institute Convention was very ably given by Mrs. G. Mackay. A letter was also read by Miss. B. Smith from Mr. Thompson, the late minister, who is now in the

Snake Creek News

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall made an auto trip to Calgary last week.

John McRoberts has purchased the farm of Mr. E. McNetts, who is now living at Vulcan.

Mrs. McCrae and her son W. McCrae, and Miss. Anderson, were recently the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chappell. Mr. McCrae is on a visit home from Montana.

A very enjoyable dance was held at the Sunny Glen school on Friday last. It was especially appreciated by the girls from Berrywater.

Miss. Florence Whitby is the guest of Mrs. A. McIntyre.

Mr. and Mrs. Houghton gave a party on Saturday in honour of their guests, Miss. Doris Clark, and Mrs. Bartlett, of Calgary.

The Berrywater Literary Society held its final meeting on Wednesday. The spirit of the Society seems to be slowly ebbing, as there were only nine people present.

Mrs. A. Noble made a visit to her parents. Mr. and Mrs. McMullen, of Buffalo Hills, this week.

The many friends of Mr. Stork will be sorry to hear of his illness. Mrs. Peter McIntyre left for Rochester, Minn., where she will undergo an operation.

Miss. Sylva Hanson of Queens-town visited in this district last week.

A surprise party was held at Cole's last week. Mr. and Mrs. Cole expect to leave for California shortly. They have sold their farm at Reid Hill to Mrs. Hickman.

Miss. Ruth deWitt, who has recently undergone an operation, is improving nicely.

Little Vernie Guengerich is very ill with pneumonia.

Miss. Stead arrived from British Columbia. She will spend the summer with her brother.

Mrs. Altizer, who has been in Vulcan for the past two weeks doctoring her baby returned home on Saturday.

A party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Pritchard, of Prospect Slope, last Wednesday.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Donald Sinclair on the 27th. of March.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. Jake Hoffman on March 27th. a daughter.

Ed. Army spent the weekend with his brother at Nanton.

19 British Steamers Lost

The Government board of trade's summary of casualties to British shipping reported in March shows that 19 steamers aggregating 44,609 tons and eight sailing vessels of 1,865 tons were sunk by enemy warships. Ten steamers of 13,927 tons were sunk by mines. One steamer of 2,131 tons was sunk either by an enemy warship or a mine.

Forty-three lives were lost in the case of the steamers sunk by warships and 18 in steamers sunk by mines.

trenches. The meeting was closed by the singing of the National Anthem.

The next meeting of the Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. Ray Preffer on Thursday April 27th., when a good attendance is expected.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Miss. Douglass has returned from High River and is again at the post office.

Hamilton Johnston and W. and O. Rushfeldt returned from the Claresholm Agricultural College last week.

Men, women and children of every age, find Rexall Orderlies a perfect laxative. Sold only by the Rexall Drug Stores, 15c and 25c boxes.

On Sunday next the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church will be occupied by Mr. D. McPherson in the afternoon and the Rev. F.G. Mathews, of Reid Hill, in the evening. The Rev. D.K. Allan will accept an invitation to preach at Coleman on that day.

Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Nelson were visitors to Calgary for the weekend.

A new residence is being erected for Mr. E. McIntosh.

Dr. Knowles left on Saturday for a trip to Minneapolis.

Lee Christianson left on Saturday for Montana.

Miss. Gross, milliner, of Calgary, is coming to Vulcan during the next few days and will be at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Steeves. Miss. Gross will be pleased to attend to any millinery wants in town.

Messrs. G. M. Whicher and R. L. Elves were visitors to Calgary on Thursday last.

Mr. R.L. Elves has been appointed agent for the Studebaker automobile.

The members of the Rebekah Lodge are holding a Box Social and dance on Thursday April 14.

See the advert for H.W. Reeves special sale this week.

The annual meeting of the Curling club will be held in the Masonic hall on Friday evening immediately after the ratepayers meeting. The members are asked to be present in order to wind up the season's business.

Messrs. Flood and Whicher report the following sales for the month of March:-

The N.E. quarter of 36-17-25-4, Mr. Geo. Ross to Mr. F. L. Markert; N.W. quarter 14-18-24-4, Mr. J. D. Shultz to Mrs. Arnold; the N. 1-2 of 23-16-26-4, J. H. McArthur to M. G. Leyman.

REBEKAHS TO HOLD BOX SOCIAL APRIL 14

The members of the Rebekah Lodge are holding a box social on Friday evening, April the 14th, the proceeds of which are to go in aid of the I.O.O.F. home for the widows and orphans of the Oddfellows who are killed in the war.

The programme which is in course of preparation, will include various musical and vocal items, cards, games and dancing.

The affair will be held in the Shimp hall, and the price of admission will be 25 cents for gentlemen, the ladies being admitted free.

As the object for which this box social is being held is a very worthy one, it is expected that it will receive a large support, and a hearty invitation is extended to all.

Town Band to be Formed

From various sources there comes the request for the organizing of a town band, and to consider the matter a meeting of those interested in a band will be held on Monday evening, April 9th, at eight o'clock prompt, at the Fire hall.

SPORT AT LOMOND ON THURS., APRIL 13

Baseball, Bucking Contest and Big Dance in the Evening

The Lomond baseball club have arranged to play Travers, at Lomond, on Thursday afternoon, April 13th. The game between these rival teams should be good.

Following the game some of the bucking horses in the district will be ridden. It is hoped that the famous bucking horse 'Nig' will be there to show what he can do.

In the evening a dance will be held in the Marshall and Wilson hall.

On Saturday afternoon last six horses, with big reputations as outlaws, were ridden by Jimmy Ryan, Dick Neil, and H. Myers. Edwin Ellison attended the riding but did not ride.

Death of Olga Hoidge

An extremely sad death occurred at noon on Wednesday, when Olga Eveline Hoidge, beloved and only daughter of T.B. Hoidge, the principal of Alderson school, passed to rest after a lingering illness of several months from tuberculosis.

All remember that it is only ten weeks ago that Mr. Hoidge lost his wife Hattie Hoidge, under similar very trying circumstances.

A strenuous fight for life was made by Miss. Hoidge, and everything that care and medical skill could do for her was tried, but in vain. This is the last member of the family of Mr. Hoidge, and what was once a happy home is now completely broken. In 1912 while residing at Kinnordale, Mr. Hoidge lost his only son, Morley, who died in the Calgary hospital. Three deaths in less than four years is an affliction that few are called upon to bear, and expressions of sincerest sympathy are heard on all sides for the bereaved father.

Olga Eveline Hoidge was only 18 years and 11 months old. She was born in the city of Montreal, her father was engaged in that city at the time in the C.P.R. offices there and later in journalistic work.—Alderson News.

THIRTEENTH OVERSEAS MOUNTED RIFLES

To Recruit at Vulcan April Sat. 8th, Mon. 10th and Tues. 11th.

The 13th Overseas Mounted Rifles has been authorized to recruit up to full M. I. Battalion strength, and to immediately proceed overseas as a mounted unit when establishment is complete.

Lieut. A. S. Cooper, Recruiting Officer, will be in Vulcan on Saturday, April 8th, 10th, and 11th, for the purpose of getting recruits for this popular regiment. The full schedule of dates on which Lieut. Cooper will visit other towns in the district are as follows.

Barons, April 3rd and 4th; Champion, 5th, 6th, and 7th; Vulcan, 8th, 10th, 11th; Blackie, 12th, 13th; Okotoks, 14th, 15th; High River, 17th, 18th; Cayley, 19th, 20th, 21st; Carmangay, 22nd.

McKENZIE'S and STEELE BRIGGS

SEEDS

FOR

GARDEN and FIELD

Peas, Mangel, Sweet Corn, Rape, Sugar Beet, Turnip
IN BULK

THE 4X MARKET

Firm Enlarged

We have great pleasure in announcing that Mr. F. A. Elves has decided to take an active interest in our business and owing to the very rapid development made since the inauguration of the firm less than two years ago, we have considered it necessary in order to successfully cope with it, to increase the membership of the firm.

Mr. Elves is well known throughout the district and we feel particularly fortunate in securing his services as a partner.

All business entrusted to us will have our careful, honest and prompt attention; methods which we believe have been the secret of our success.

We respectfully beg to solicit your business for all kinds of

Insurance---Hail, Fire, Live Stock and Life,

and if you want to Buy or Sell LAND, SEE US

FLOOD, WHICHER
& ELVES

VULCAN

ALBERTA

AMERICAN PAPERS NOT AFRAID TO TELL OF CANADA'S PROSPERITY

SOME ASTOUNDING FIGURES ARE PRESENTED

Chicago Herald Gives Some Particulars About the Remarkable Development of This Country Within Recent Years, and Tells How Canada is Coming Into Her Own

In connection with the opening of the Chicago Herald's industrial exhibition, in the Ashland building, corner North Clark and Randall streets, a recent edition of this paper had the following to say about the prosperity in Canada:

"When Canada closed her books for 1915 she found her farmers prosperous beyond expectations, her industrial plants running overtime, her natural resources pouring out wealth from hitherto undeveloped sources, and her railroads showing the greatest net earnings in their history."

"From two items alone Canada added \$900,000,000 in new wealth during the year, and over 70 per cent. of it was accumulated during the last six months. Her crops returned over \$400,000,000 and her industries over \$500,000,000. Her exports to the United States in one year increased \$100,625,368, and her imports decreased \$4,504,604."

"These astounding figures in themselves demonstrate to what an extent Canada is coming into her own. Canada has built on firm foundations. Her bank deposits during 1915 increased over \$50,000,000."

"Important as her industrial growth has proved to be, the Dominion did not neglect her rich farm territories, knowing that upon their development depends her growth. No country wrote a brighter page of history in agriculture in 1915 than Canada, but an extraordinary combination of circumstances, the like of which the American continent may never see again, is partly responsible for her success. She was called upon to supply foodstuffs for Great Britain, her allies, and for her soldiers at the front, and the necessity brought corresponding effort. She has a new and fertile soil, and the weather conditions of the year were ideal. Her government's policy of encouraging the raising of choice grain was never more effective."

"This combination gave the Dominion farmer a consummation of his dreams, 'Two in one yield.' Nearly a billion bushels of grain were produced, and, of this, 335,258,000 were in wheat. Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba grew 304,200,000 bushels, the remaining 32,558,000 bushels coming from British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec and the maritime provinces. The farms of Alberta averaged 36.16 bushels per acre, those of Saskatchewan 28.75 and those of Manitoba 28.50."

"This great harvest brought money to the prairie provinces, and brought it with a rush. Up to November 21 the Canadian West received 2132,000,000 for its consignment of wheat."

"Canada's present prosperity, however, does not depend only on its land. She is working overtime in her factories and mines. At the time of the outbreak of the war a small arsenal at Quebec, employing 300 men, was the only plant engaged in the making of war munitions in all the Dominion of Canada. Today, according to D. A. Thomas, envoy of the British minister of munitions, 100 villages, towns and cities throughout the Dominion are engaged in the making of war supplies."

Mr. Wilkinson, the architect, had been invited down to the Clarks' to display the plans of Clark's new house to some guests.

"Here is the front elevation," explained the architect, as he laid the plans on the library table for the inspection of the visitors, "with the outside window and the circular gallery; this is the east elevation, showing the tower."

After various comments had been made by the guests, little Arthur, aged seven, who was enormously interested in the new house, cried:

"And where are the two mortgages father said he was going to put on?"

The Price For Poppy Heads

In view of the steps being taken in this country to restrict the sale of laudanum, it may be noted that, according to the board of agriculture, the white variety of the opium poppy is still grown in several parts of England, notably Lincolnshire. The crop is always a precarious one, but there is a steady market for the poppy heads. Belgium used to supply a proportion of the heads used in this country, but not sufficient for the loss of her crop to cause serious shortage this year. The price paid for poppy heads is 12s to 15s per 1,000 for large size, and 8s to 10s for medium.

Live Stock Values

The census and statistics office, Ottawa, places the average value of horses in Ontario, at \$123; milch cows, \$61; other cattle, \$44; sheep, \$8, and swine, 15.

Approximately the total value of farm animals in Canada at the end of December may be estimated as \$750,667,000, compared with \$725,530,000 in 1914, the values for each description being as follows: Horses \$370,378,000; milch cows, \$164,224,000; other cattle, \$151,477,000; sheep, \$16,225,000, and swine, \$48,363,000.

"Jones, the new millionaire, is a mighty unassuming chap, isn't he?"

"Oh, I don't know. He never impressed me that way particularly."

"Well, he has me. Why, several of us were out with him the other night and it was quite a party, and, you know, no one would ever suspect Jones had a cent."

The Usual Talk

"Say, old man," quoted the farmer, "I wish you'd train my son to be a lawyer in your office. There's nothing in farming."

"I'll do it," assented the lawyer, "provided you'll take my son on your farm. There's nothing in the law."

Care With Well Water

Pollution Comes From Many Sources and Precautions Should be Taken

Melting snow, carrying with it in solution much of the refuse and decaying matter accumulated during the winter, constitutes a serious danger to the water supply from wells. Many wells are so constructed as to allow surface water to find its way around the tops, while in others, particularly dug wells, it seeps in through the brick lining near the top. Where there is any danger of this pollution it is a measure of safety to boil the water before it is used for human consumption.

For lining dug wells reinforced concrete has been successfully used. Concrete may be made practically impervious to water, so that a concrete-lined dug well can be polluted only from the bottom.

The water supply on the farm is always an important matter, and too much care cannot be taken in its location and protection. The farm well should be placed where the surface drainage from all possible sources of contamination is away from the well.

If possible, it is advisable to provide impervious floors with watertight drains for farm buildings and stock pens. Under the same conditions concrete manure pits might well be provided not only to prevent the liquid manure from polluting the neighboring soil but to save the manure. No garbage, manure or rubbish should be dumped into sinks or basins in the immediate neighborhood, and such basins should be fenced off and kept free from polluting matter. The house should be provided with some safe method of sewage disposal, while slop and garbage from the kitchen should be deposited in tightly covered garbage cans and disposed of by burying in the fields, burning, etc. The use of privy vaults and leaching or over-flow cesspools should also be absolutely avoided, as they are likely to be sources of the worst contamination.

Need of Rotation

Very Few Farmers Appear to Follow a Systematic Rotation

At dairymen's conventions, live stock breeders' meetings, seed growers' conferences, and everywhere else where farmers congregate to discuss their problems we have been hearing speakers emphasize the advantages of adopting some good system of crop rotation, but the speech-making, on this subject as well as on many others seems to have been in vain if the first hand information obtained by the commission of conservation, and recently published in their report, is any criterion. Among the 100 farmers visited on P.E.I. only one is reported as following a really systematic rotation. In Nova Scotia there were nine, in New Brunswick 19, while in Quebec, there were 200 farms visited and out of this number there were none following a short rotation, but the majority of them left the land in hay and pasture for from six to eight years, after which they would break it up and reseed again to grass and clover. In Ontario, among the 200 farmers visited, there were only eight following a rotation which could be called systematic. In the Prairie Provinces a rotation including grass and hoed crops is almost unknown.

It is difficult to obtain accurate figures regarding the annual loss from smut, but that it is very great is acknowledged, yet out of 500 farmers visited in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces only three treated their seed grain for smut. This is very regrettable since the treatment is inexpensive, simple and effective. In the Prairie Provinces nearly every farmer treats for smut.

Every year there is a complaint regarding the difficulty in securing a catch of clover and grass. This is due, it is claimed, to the small amount of seed sown per acre. On Prince Edward Island the amount of clover seed sown per acre is only two pounds; in Quebec, it is three pounds; while in other provinces it is more, but even where the average amount sown is largest, it is found to be only about half of what it should be to secure results. Common red clover when sown alone should be seeded at the rate of 10 to 12 pounds per acre, and alsike at the rate of eight pounds.

Phyllis—Do you know, mother, Moses used to have indigestion just like you do!

Mother—Why, dear, whatever makes you think that?

Phyllis—Why 'cos in our Bible lesson today Miss Smith said, 'God gave Moses two tablets!'

This is a leap year beginning on Saturday, containing fifty-three Saturdays and fifty-three Sundays, and consequently one such as no person under forty years of age ever knew before, and such as possibly a very few will see again repeated in the millennial year, 2,000—eighty-four years hence.

Too Moderate

"Is your husband a heavy smoker?"

"Dear me, no. You've no idea how long it takes me to save enough coupons from his cigars to buy a cut glass pickle dish."

The Surest Sign

"The Greens are going to have a party tonight."

"How do you know. Been invited?"

"No. Mrs. Green was over to borrow our silverware."

Explosives From Air Nitrogen

Process by Which Artificial Substance Fer Nitrate is Obtained

The process of withdrawing nitrogen from the air for use in manufacturing artificial fertilizers and high explosive may be seen in operation at the new 60,000 horsepower plant at Odda, in Norway.

The separation of the nitrogen from the oxygen in the air is accomplished by compressing the air into liquid form. The nitrogen, which boils first, at about 320 degrees below zero (Fahrenheit) is led away by special constructed mains, and the oxygen, which boils at about 295 below, is utilized, on account of its intensely low temperature, to assist in the liquefaction process. Ultimately it escapes into the air again.

The nitrogen gathered in this manner is put into form for use by combining it with calcium carbide, a substance known to practically every automobilist owing to its offensive odor. Carbide is made by fusing limestone and coal into the intense heat of an electric furnace. The operation can be performed only where electricity is very cheap. When carbide is heated in an atmosphere of nitrogen it absorbs the nitrogen, forming a compound known as nitrolim. This is the new fertilizing product which Norway is now producing on a wholesale scale.

The power for the gigantic Odda plant is furnished by the nearby waterfalls. The lime and coal are fused together in a series of furnaces, each employing 3,000 horsepower. All the pyrotechnics of the steel furnace are eclipsed when one of the great Odda crucibles is tapped, for the molten carbide flows forth with a glare that no man dare face with unprotected eyes.

Meanwhile the production of the nitrogen is being pursued in another department. Air for the purpose is drawn in great inlet pipes from the mountain tops. This was found necessary because the air in the valley around the great works was found to contain traces of acetylene gas from the carbide. Acetylene gas under pressure is dangerously explosive, and even a trace of it in the liquefaction plant would be likely to cause the destruction of the entire plant.

The nitrogen from the liquefaction plant is turned into cylinders filled with powdered carbide, which are heated from the centre by the passage of an electric current through a piece of carbon, and as the temperature rises the carbide absorbs the nitrogen and glows with the heat of chemical action. The result is nitrolim, the artificial substitute for nitrates and natural fertilizers, and the starting point of another process for the production of nitric acid and certain high explosives.

Are You in the Line?

The "Old Scouts" Need You to Fill up the Ranks

"The whole line will advance." So said Lord Wellington at Waterloo. You are possibly anxious to do your bit for your country, but have not so far found a line in which you can carry this out. Or, it may be that you are doing your bit, for the time being, but would be glad to do a bit more now or later on. May we suggest a way?

Why not become an Old Scout? The ideal of the Boy Scout is a simple and practical one, and easy for grown-ups to follow. It means that you do your best to: (1) Do your duty to God and the king; (2) Do your duty to your fellow men; (3) Do your duty by carrying into daily practice the spirit of the Scout law: A Scout's honor is to be trusted, a Scout is loyal, a Scout is useful, a Scout is a friend to all and a brother to every other Scout, a Scout is courteous, a Scout is a friend to animals, a Scout obeys orders, a Scout smiles and whistles under all difficulties, a Scout is thrifty, a Scout is clean in thought, word and deed.

You can become an Old Scout (i.e., an honorary member of the Boy Scouts) by making the following promise—if possible before a Scout officer, Scoutmaster, or Commissioner: I promise on my honor to do my best to: (1) Honor God and the king; (2) Do a good turn to someone every day; (3) Do what I can to help the Boy Scouts by example, instruction or otherwise; (4) Make my pursuits or hobbies a service to the state. If you would like to make this promise write for a blank form to the Boy Scout Provincial Headquarters, 131-132 Industrial Bureau, Winnipeg. The form merely binds you to do your best for your country, and constitutes you one of the Brotherhood of Scouts, which means that you are expected to act as a Brother to every other Scout as he will act as a Brother to you. When this is done we shall be glad to welcome you into the Brotherhood, and sincerely hope that you will find in it congenial work, good comrades, happy occasions, and satisfaction to yourself.—Robert Baden Powell, C. W. Rowley, Alex. T. MacIntosh.

Great Man's Meed

"Does it make any difference to you whether important people notice you or not?"

"Well, at home I'm not snobbish. But I must confess it makes me feel better when the janitor says 'Good day,' and looks genially approving."

Starting the Philanderer

Staylate (at 11.30, during a pause)—A penny for your thoughts.

Miss Bored—I was just thinking that this is Leap Year and—

Staylate (rising hastily)—I—er—guess I'll be going.

Outshown

"What is the band playing?"

"See—the Conquering Hero Comes."

"Where is the conquering hero?"

"You cannot see him for the reception committee."

"He is some painter, believe me."

"To what school does he belong?"

"To the utilitarian."

"Oh, signs and fences."

Canadian Capital To be Replanned

Comprehensive Plans for the Beautification of Ottawa and Hull

Comprehensive plans for the beautification, development and replanning of the Canadian capital have been presented to parliament. The finance minister laid on the table of the house the report of the federal town planning commission, which was appointed in June of 1913, under the chairmanship of Sir Herbert Holt, to draw up a plan for the beautification of Ottawa and Hull, the location and architectural character of the public buildings, park systems, traffic and transportation arrangements, etc.

The commissioners, after two years of very careful and expert investigation, have made elaborate recommendations for a federal district and a federal capital rivaling in beauty, convenience and impressiveness what has been done at Washington or at any other capital cities of the world. The plans along which development should proceed are given, but there is no estimate of cost. In this respect, however, the commissioners declare that the expenditure could run over a series of years, and the return in beauty and in the industrial economy of city organization would be commensurate with the total cost.

The members of the commission consisted of Sir Herbert S. Holt, Sir Alexander Lacoste, Frank Darling of Toronto and R. Home Smith of Toronto, and the mayors of Ottawa and Hull. The chief consultant on city planning was Mr. E. H. Bennett, and the consulting engineer, Mr. E. L. Cousins. Under them there has been an expert working staff, preparing the detailed plans of improvement and a comprehensive survey of Ottawa and its environments.

The commission strongly recommends that nothing of the elaborate nature suggested should be attempted without first establishing a federal district and securing for the federal authorities adequate control of local government, as has been done at Washington. The proposed federal district should extend from Chats Falls, at the head of Lake Deschenes, some thirty miles east of Ottawa, to about four miles east of the present city limits, and about ten miles north and south from Parliament Hill.

Another main proposal is the establishment of a national park or forest reserve in the Laurentian Hills and on the slopes on the north side of the Ottawa River. An area of from 75,000 to 100,000 acres, the report says, can be secured at comparatively small cost, which could be preserved for all time to the people of Canada, and which would afford an excellent fish and game preserve within a very few miles of the capital for all years to come.

Money-Making Devices

Many New and Clever Devices in Use as a Result of the War

Not since the great cycle boom a quarter of a century ago have British inventors made more money on patented devices than during the present war.

One of the fortunate inventors of the modern hand grenade, used so effectively in the allied trenches, is reported to have netted upward of seven hundred thousand dollars in royalties. The inventor of the Gardwell machine gun is reported to be richer by three thousand dollars, in addition to a royalty of fifteen dollars per gun manufactured. The ingenious designer of the "Bors" periscope trench rifle, with which the Australians are equipped, has received a large sum for his patent rights. A life-saving appliance in gas attacks brought its owners orders valued at two hundred thousand dollars. Numerous patents have been taken out for adapting and simplifying existing machinery for the manufacture of munitions and other articles. The majority of the successful war inventions were put to commercial use before submitting them to the government. For instance, a special box for carrying hand grenades can be used for other purposes when the war is over, and the inventor already has laid the foundations for a most lucrative business. Some of the most striking inventions are a non-inflammable substitute for celluloid, a substitute for glass, a process for treating municipal refuse, removing the solder, tin and chemicals from scrap, tinned and galvanized articles, and for utilizing the base metal. This new British industry, formerly monopolized by Germany, will, it is claimed, employ thousands of partially disabled soldiers after the war.

Time and labor saving devices are in great demand. The war has shaken the British manufacturer out of the conservative rut in which he has lived. He now appreciates the advantage of automatic labor-saving machinery in competing with foreign goods, and is discarding his obsolete methods. In the homes of the people the same revolution is taking place. Labor-saving devices in the house and methods of economy hitherto unknown are making considerable headway in public favor. In the office there is an insistent demand for labor-saving methods. A fortune awaits the individual who will invent a machine that will automatically type letters from dictation.—Toronto Globe.

Canada May Ship Potatoes to U.S.

An order authorizing permits for the importation of potatoes from Canada, subject to new regulations which have been accepted by the Canadian government, is announced by the department of agriculture.

Canada having agreed that all potatoes offered for export to the United States must be free from injurious disease and insect pests, imports from the Dominion will be exempted from the requirement of inspection, and certification before shipment. They will be subject to the usual inspection on arrival.

John—The French have gained 400 metres from the enemy.

Auntie—How splendid! That should help to put a stop to those dreadful gas attacks!

CANADIANS PUT PRUSSIANS TO ROUT IN DARING TRENCH RAID

CANUCKS WIN REPUTATION AS GOOD FIGHTERS

Bombing Party Crept Up to German Trenches, Cutting the Barbed Wire Entanglements, and in a Hand to Hand Engagement Carried Everything Before Them

More Fallacies Exposed

Pertinent Answers to the Arguments Used by the Liquor Interests

6. They quote statements favorable to the use of alcohol, said to have been made by eminent physiologists at a convention in Cambridge; among those present was the celebrated Dr. Michael Foster. They didn't tell us that that was long years ago, for Dr. Foster was a distinguished man, advanced in years when I was a student. I doubt if they can point to one single book on medical practice published in the last ten years that does not definitely teach that alcoholic liquors increase the liability to disease, especially consumption. Even the hand book prepared by military doctors in 1911 for the guidance of the Royal Army Medical Corp teaches that, and also that it lessens the efficiency of the men and increases the tendency to disease, and advises that it be not permitted on the march.

7. They say that the drunkard is the prohibitionists' only asset. Oh, no, not by any means; we have many serious charges against the liquor traffic of which I shall mention only one. The taxes actually collected in the nine western states in 1914 were 60% higher than in the eight prohibition states. Why should I be taxed to care for the paupers, orphans and criminals that they make? The license fees do not pay a quarter of the expenses they cause.

8. They say that domestic unhappiness frequently causes drunkenness, instead of drunkenness causing domestic unhappiness. Isn't that gall? If that be true how is it that in Canada the provinces that have most local prohibition have the least crime and the provinces that have least local prohibition have nearly forty times as much crime as Prince Edward Island, which is entirely under prohibition?

9. They are getting very anxious about the condition of the church, and fear that it is going to the bad, but it is worthy of note that the cause of their anxiety is the growing tendency of the church to advocate prohibition.

10. They say that one of the greatest evils confronting us today is the spread of the monstrous theory that law can take the place of moral education. That is too bad, but where is such a nonsensical theory taught? Certainly not in Canada or in any English speaking country. A great many laws are prohibitive, but they seem to object to only the one that would prevent them selling booze.

11. They say that without booze on which to practice self-control, men would "lose all sense of responsibility and gradually sink down until they become prohibitionists." I suppose like Lloyd George and Kitchener and Sir David Beatty and Sir Frederick Treves and thousands of other great and good men they seem to despise such men as these as the dirt under their feet. It is hard accounting for tastes.—H. Arnott, M.B., M.C. P.S.

Not What He Expected

As the brisk philanthropist thrust her fare into the taxi driver's hand she saw that he was wet and apparently cold after the half hour of pouring rain.

"Do you ever take anything when you get soaked through?" she asked.

"Yes, ma'am," said the driver, with humility. "I generally do."

"Wait here just a minute," commanded the philanthropist; and the run up her steps, inserted her key in the lock and opened the door and vanished, to reappear in a moment. When she had come down to the taxi-man she gave him a small envelope. "There are some two-grain aspirin tablets," said she; "you take two of them now and two more in an hour."

Breeds of Horses in Saskatchewan

From the first of August, 1912, to December 31 last, 3,993 stallions were enrolled under the Saskatchewan horse breeders act. Of these, 2,816 were pure bred. Clydes numbered 1,719, Percheron 611, Standard Bred 175 and Belgian draft 117. Shires came next with 66 and Hackney following with 51. Of those not pure bred 532 were classed as scrubs.

"Dose Irish makes me sick, always talking about vat great fighters dey are," said one German to another on the train.

"Why, at Bertha's wedding der odder night dot drunken Mike Mulligan butted in, und me und mein brudder und mein cousin Fritz und mein freundt Louis Hartmann—why, ve pretty near kicked him out of der house."

—Boston Transcript.

It is reported that the British board of agriculture are framing a great scheme, for the employment of female labor on the land, and an active canvass may shortly be commenced. 400,000 women will be required to take the places of the male agriculturists who have joined the colors.

Scottish Farmer to Walter—Hi, my mon! Come here. What's the two spoons for?

Walter—The large one is for soup, and the small one for pudding, sir.

Farmer—Hoots, mon, tak' awa' that sma' ane. I've as big a mouth for puddin' as I have for soup.

No Size to It

"He is a big man—in his own opinion."

"Don't see how that could be."

"Why?"

"Never thought he had the capacity to carry an opinion of any dimension."

The Canadians have won a reputation as good fighters in hand-to-hand encounters. Their ability in this respect was lately demonstrated when an expedition of 25 started out on a trench raid and returned with 23, having accounted for about double their number and destroyed two machine guns and a considerable portion of trench.

There had been a certain liveliness in the German trenches and a bombing attack was planned. When darkness fell the bomb-throwers crept forward, making slow progress. A false move, a cough or a sound of any kind meant instant death. The Prussian guards in the German trenches were apparently in merry mood, and snatches of a love-song came occasionally from the trench.

At last a barbed-wire entanglement was reached. They were stouter than had been anticipated. It took a long time, but the barrier was cut. There was a delay. Another party further along the line was not yet ready for the final rush. Patiently they waited; they even joined in whispers. At length the signal came that the other party was ready to advance. The Canadians bounded forward. A Prussian sentry started up to sound the alarm, but he was shot dead by the officer.

The Prussians were now aroused. Flares burst out all along the line and revealed a trench full of Prussian Guards. The Canadians rushed in, throwing their bombs and bayoneting freely. Their leader was already wounded. The Guardsmen had been taken by surprise and rushed in confusion from their dug-outs. One of them held up his hands and shouted in English that he wished to surrender, but a rifle pointing from behind through his upraised arms revealed the ruse. A revolver bullet settled the first man's account and the second went down with a bayonet in his chest.

Farther up the line a machine gun was just beginning to get dangerous when a well directed bomb sent it into space. Hand-to-hand, the Canadians exacted a heavy toll. They carried everything before them, and at the end could go no farther, as a heap of dead bodies and demolished trench barred the way.

The return journey to the British trenches had to be made across a bullet-swept area. One man was dragging back the body of a comrade, while another was supporting a wounded companion. The Canadians halted for an instant while a bomb was thrown. It was the luckiest shot of the whole night. It fell right on the machine gun which was most dangerous, silencing it.

Germany and the States

An open quarrel between Germany and the United States would not be an unmixed blessing for us. We should lose the tireless and humane services of the American diplomats, Mr. Gerard in Berlin, Mr. Brand Whitlock in Brussels, Mr. Penfield in Vienna, and Mr. Morgenthau in Constantinople. These gentlemen have put this country under a deep obligation that will not soon be forgotten. On the other hand the blockade of Germany would be solved, and the moral effect of America's action on neutral opinion and policy would be tremendous. Germany, indeed, has so much to lose by antagonizing the great republic that we believe that, if the administration is firm, she will eat her leak at the eleventh hour—but she will not forget and she will never forgive!—London Chronicle.

He Won It

A schoolmaster once said to his pupils, "To the boy who makes the best composition in five minutes on 'How to Overcome Habit,' I will give a prize."

When the five minutes had expired a lad of nine years stood up and said:

"Well, sir, habit is hard to overcome. If you take off the first letter it does not change 'abit.' If you take off still another letter you still have a 'bit' left. If you take off still another the whole of 'it' remains. If you take off another it is not totally used up—all of which goes to show that if you want to get rid of habit you must throw it off altogether."

Result—he got the prize.

Switzerland's national defence is a national compulsory service system. Every man, with a few minor exceptions, is liable for service between the ages of 17 and 48. At the age of 20 the recruit is trained for from 60 to 90 days, depending on the branch of the service he chooses to enter. Then he is enrolled in the "Auszug," or "Elite," in which he has to train eleven days a year for seven of the years up to the age of 32. From 32 to 40 he is a member of the "Landwehr," and trains once every four years, after which he is retired into the last line reserves, where he stays until he reaches the age of 48.

Here is a specimen of Australian frightfulness found in the advertising columns of a Melbourne paper: "We refuse to supply the Kaiser with—'s herbal skin ointment. Let him suffer."

Even the thickest skin must feel this.—Manchester Guardian.

The editor handed the manuscript back after hastily scrutinizing the sheets, and said in a lofty manner: "We don't print any such stuff as that."

"Well, you needn't be so haughty about it," retorted the Spasmodical Contributor. "You're not the only one who won't print it."

Except in the Bottle— No!

You cannot get real Bovril except in the Bovril bottle. Bovril is so strong that it cannot possibly be manufactured in cheap cubes. It takes the beef of a whole bullock to make a dozen bottles of Bovril. Add Bovril to make your cookery more nourishing and to save butchers' bills. But it must be Bovril.

The British Navy

More Than Million Men in the Different Branches of Naval Work

The magnitude of the work going on in the navy is shown in a letter from the admiralty to Sir Gilbert Parker, answering his enquiry in the house of commons on the number of people engaged in all branches of the navy and of naval work.

The letter states that the navy proper had 146,000 officers and men when the war broke out, which number has now increased to 320,000 with the authority granted for a further increase to 350,000 officers and men, besides 67,000 naval reserves. There are also 85,000 men engaged in work at royal dockyards and other naval establishments, and several times that number on admiralty work under contract and sub-contract.

Besides these, the letter specifies men engaged in getting coal for the fleet, dockside workers and civilian crews of coalers, oilers, mine sweepers, supply ships, etc., and in addition men and women engaged in making clothing and preparing food for the fleet.

Thomas J. McNamara, financial secretary of the admiralty, adds:

"If asked to put the matter in a sentence, I would say that for every man in the navy, of which there are something like 300,000, there are certainly two persons at possibly even three at work on ship construction, repairing and contributing to the general efficiency and fighting ability of the fleet."

An aggregate of more than one million persons engaged in various branches of naval work is thus shown.

Women For Farm Work

In an endeavor to overcome the difficulty caused by the shortage of men for farm work, the government has decided, says the London Daily News, to inaugurate a campaign to recruit women for this work. The recruiting will be along the popular lines which has had such success in getting men for the army. It is proposed that an armlet be issued to women willing to undertake farm work, and that they also be entitled to wear a special uniform. Every village in the country will be canvassed by committees of women, and it is hoped by the canvass to raise a body of 400,000 women who are ready to engage in agricultural work.

The deacons and other officers of the church had met to discuss the best method of getting rid of a pastor who had worn out his usefulness. After various methods had been suggested without any of them seeming feasible, one brother, who was a good deal of a wag, said:

"I tell you what to do. Let's pay him all of his salary in arrears and raise him to a thousand a year and he will drop dead."

A Real Asthma Relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has never been advertised by extravagant statements. Its claims are conservative indeed, when judged by the cures which it performs. Expect real relief and permanent benefit when you buy this remedy and you will not have cause for disappointment. It gives permanent relief in many cases where other so-called remedies have utterly failed.

May Set Standard for Canada Wool

George T. Willingmeyer, in charge of the sheep and goats division of the federal livestock branch, Ottawa, recently declared in Vancouver that wool will shortly have a standard set for it instead of being sold "flat" as was the case all over Canada a little time ago. The present aim of the department is to standardize the whole of the wool produced in Canada.

He is further of the opinion that instead of the limited production of wool in this country, Canada should care for not only her own wants but have a large quantity for export. He considers there is room for a great increase in the number of sheep.

Mess Cook—Erle, Bill, next time you send up a crate of chickens see that they don't get loose. I've spent hours scouring the neighborhood and only been able to find ten.

Orderly—Ush, 'Erb, 'ush, I only sent yer six.

Book Agent (entering governor's office)—Pardon me, sir.

Governor (reaching for pardon slip)—Certainly. What did you do?

RHEUMATISM IS SLOW POISONING

because the entire system becomes permeated with injurious acids.

To relieve rheumatism Scott's Emulsion is a double help; it is rich in blood-food; it imparts strength to the functions and supplies the very oil-food that rheumatic conditions always need.

Scott's Emulsion has helped countless thousands when other remedies failed.

Refuse inferior substitutes.

W. N. U. 1096

WELCOME

At last, a full grown lady,
Sweet spring is in the land
With garlands in her tresses
And blossoms in her hand
And with a disposition
That any one could stand.

Her favors wide she scatters
Among the rich and poor.
She lightens up the landscape,
The meadow and the moor
And makes contentment linger,
Of that you may be sure.

New breath she gives the nostrils,
New life she scatters far.
The sick and the downhearted
All worship at her star.
And dull, complaining mortals
Get what they need—a jar.

The trees put on their garments
Of bright and festive hue,
The buds begin to open
And take a sip of dew.
Green is the reigning color,
And not a soul is blue.

Oh, spring, you are a charmer
If ever there was one!
We like your dash of color,
We like your wealth of sun,
And we can only wish you
A long, successful run.

Were a Boon to a Paisley Man

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED PAIN IN HIS BACK

Mr. Jas. A. Bryce Tells Why He Recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills to All Who Suffer From Kidney Disease.

Paisley, Ont.—(Special).—"I can highly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from pain in the back," says Mr. Jas. A. Bryce, well known and highly respected in this neighborhood. "I had been troubled with a pain in my back for about a year.

"Reading the self-examination page in Dodd's Almanac led me to believe that my trouble came from my kidneys so I went and got a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before they were done I was feeling as well as ever.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills were certainly a great boon to me.

Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. By putting them in condition to do their proper work they accomplish the cures so regularly reported. Healthy kidneys make pure blood and the man or woman who has pure blood coursing through their veins can laugh at nine-tenths of the ills of life.

Color Photography

What is hailed as an important scientific discovery is a method of photography reproducing natural colors, found, after eight years of experimenting, by the Pineschi brothers and by Signor Santoni of Rome. These men say that they have solved in a satisfactory way a problem on which scientists have been working in many countries, and that important commercial results are to be expected from the purposes of moving picture exhibitions. Complete tests are soon to be made by disinterested scientists, to determine the full scope of the discovery.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

"She has given up the idea of getting a divorce."

"I thought she was determined."

"Determined. She had her court dresses picked."

"Did he win her back?"

"No; she heard that alimonies were not being worn as large as formerly this season."

Miller's Worm Powders do not need the after-help of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and they will be found palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels untenable to the parasites. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to exert most beneficial influences in the digestive organs.

Enjoys Seeing Them Shiver

A French hospital nurse who was shut up at Valenciennes on August 25, 1914, and who managed to escape at the end of last September, gives some plain facts of the behavior of German troops there.

One day Major Kintzel announced his intention of having an execution of French newsmen. The nurse ventured to ask him: "Do you enjoy sentencing all these people to death?"

"Well, I do enjoy seeing these men and women shivering and shaking before me and turning green in the face when I tell them I am going to have them shot."

Unprepared Regiments Will Stay

General Sir Sam Hughes has discovered that certain of the regiments which were chosen recently to go overseas have been found to have been allowed by their officers to fall below strength.

"These regiments," says General Hughes, "are now trying to borrow from other regiments. This will not be allowed. The unready regiments will remain in Canada and other battalions which are up to strength and in a satisfactory state of preparation otherwise will be substituted for them."

The Arabs' Faith In The British

"Bi-klimat El-lakeesi!" "By the word of the British, what I say is true."

One of the greatest assets Britain and her allies has in the Near East is the unbounded faith and confidence the Arabs have in the word of a Briton, declared Rev. Canon Gould, in the course of an address on Syria and Arabia as Factors in the Scheme of Germany. Canon Gould, who for thirteen years was a resident of Syria, Arabia and Palestine, had abundant opportunity to study the natives of those countries and was consequently able to speak with authority on the part.

"The Arab is the most innocent, most convincing, most persistent, plausible, and incurable liar on the face of the globe," said the Canon. "but once he puts his foot on the smallest rock of truth he says, 'By the British word, what I say is true!' It is one of the most magnificent tributes to British rule that have ever been uttered. The story of Britain's entry into the war in defence of her given word has been told in very Arab's tent from Morocco to Bagdad itself."

Canon Gould declared that whatever might happen on the frontiers of Egypt, the frontiers of India were safe for the present. He said that the railroad that had been built ostensibly to carry pilgrims to the Mohammedan cities of Mecca and Medina was undoubtedly built for strategic purposes under the authority of the minister of marine at Constantinople. The road was constructed by a German engineer. Dealing with Hilaire Belloc's recent statement that a double tracked railway had been completed as far as Bessebeba, Rev. Canon Gould stated that he doubted this very much. At the commencement of the war there was not a single mile of double track railway in Turkey, in Asia, and difficulties in the way of construction and transportation of material, would make it almost impossible to build the line as far as Beloc says it has been built.

Referring to the same writer's statement that a serious effort could not be made there without a third of a million men, Canon Gould said that for this year at least, no matter how much the Turks were aided by the German, they could not hope to employ more than 60,000 men there. He pointed out that at the close of April, the whole country became a barren and sunbaked wilderness.

He declared that it was vital that Britain should maintain her status in Arabia and Mesopotamia. The Arabs were influenced by military demonstrations more than anything else. Nothing could be more suicidal or insane than to send a small force that would be in danger of being surrounded or cut up.

"I have read every proclamation issued by the Kaiser," continued Canon Gould. "Every one of them can be translated into the Arabic language and pose as the utterances of an orthodox Mohammedan leader."

He pointed out that the Sultan posed as the protector of the sacred cities of the Mohammedans, and if the Turks ever lost that hold on the Mohammedans, the German effort in the Near East would fail.

Rev. Canon Gould declared that if the truth were known, Constantinople is nearer starvation than any other large city affected by the conflict. This was largely due to their extermination of the Armenians, who were the main producers. In this way the murders were reacting on the murderers. The entry of Britain in the war had upset all Germany's plans to drill and munition the armies of Turkey, to complete the railroads from Constantinople to the Persian and Egyptian borders, and to transform the area from Berlin to Bagdad from a potential into an actual economic unit.—Toronto Star.

Conquest Is Germany's Aim

"A Germany victory," argued Prof. Walz, of Harvard, at the Clerk university conference recently, "will mark the end of the great world empires based upon conquest." Yet his demonstration that "Germany from necessity stands for the independence of nations" falls somewhat short of completeness. Germany has never stood for the independence of Poland, and if it stands for the independence of Belgium or Serbia the fact has not been avowed. Nor is it convincing to hear that "it is to the interest of Germany that the Balkan states enjoy peace and stable government that Turkey develop her resources; that Persia be independent." Quite so, and it is no less in the interests of Britain that Egypt enjoy peace and stable government, that India develop her own resources, that Afghanistan and Tibet remain independent. But gratifying such interests is not the way to make an end of empires based on conquest, and no empire is historically more based on conquest than the German empire.—Springfield Republican.

Will Fortify Smallest of Samoans

Apollima, the smallest of the Samoan Islands, is to be fortified by the British administration, now occupying German Samoa. It has been announced.

Apollima lies between the two large islands of Upolu and Savaii. On the northern side there is a narrow and dangerous passage, through which only small boats can pass. The remainder of the coast is precipitous. Authorities say it will make an almost impregnable fortress.

The people of Apollima are to be removed to Upolu.

"Husband."

"What is it?"

"I am sure that young fellow in the parlor is holding daughter's hand."

"I call that a wise manoeuvre. She can't possibly play the piano as long as he keeps that up."

Too Shallow

"What ails him?"

"A college education."

"Trying to put a quart of knowledge into a pint measure, I suppose."

The City of the Future (Mayo Resler, secretary of the City League of Cleveland, O., in the New York Independent).

A city, sanitary, convenient, substantial; where the houses of the rich and the poor are alike comfortable and beautiful; where the streets are clean and the sky line is clear as country air; where the architectural excellence of its buildings adds beauty and dignity to its streets; where parks and playgrounds are within the reach of every child; where living is pleasant, toil honorable and recreation plentiful; where capital is respected but not worshipped; where commerce in goods is great, but not greater than the interchange of ideas; where industry thrives and brings prosperity alike to employer and employed; where education and art have a place in every home; where worth and not wealth give standing to men; where the power of character lifts men to leadership; where interest in public affairs is a test of citizenship and devotion to the public weal is a badge of honor; where government is always honest and efficient, and the principles of democracy find their fullest and truest expression; where the people of all the earth can come and be blended into one community life; and where each generation will vie with the past to transmit to the next a city greater, better and more beautiful than the last.

WOMEN'S HEALTH NEEDS CONSTANT CARE

Work and Worry Leaves Her a Victim of Many Distressing Ailments.

Every woman's health is peculiarly dependent upon the condition of her blood. How many women suffer with headache, pain in the back, poor appetite, weak digestion, a constant feeling of weariness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, pallor and nervousness. If you have any of these symptoms you should begin today to build up your blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Under their use the nervous energy of the body is restored as the blood becomes red and pure and the entire system is strengthened to meet every demand upon it. They nourish every part of the body, giving brightness to the eye and color to the cheeks and lips.

Mrs. Jas. S. Francis, Oakwood, Ont., says: "I should have written long ago to tell what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me, but I suppose it is better late than never. In June, 1913, I had to go to an hospital for an operation for female weakness. I was in the hospital for a month, before I was able to get home. Three weeks after this I started for a trip to the Pacific coast, in the hope that my health would further improve. On the way I stopped to visit a sister in Southern Alberta, and on arriving at her home (after a 35 mile drive) I was completely done out. I found my sister ill, her baby having been born the week before. As there was no one to help, I had to take care of the child and do the household work, and in the three weeks that passed before my sister took charge, I was completely worn out, and again nearly ill. However, I started on my westward trip, and decided to stop off at Banff, where I remained a week, but it did not seem to help me, and I resumed my journey. On the train I took sick, and could not eat, and as I was alone my condition was pitiable. Finally the porter wired ahead to North Bend for a doctor to see me. The doctor wanted me to leave the train and go to a hospital, but I determined to continue my journey to Vancouver. The medicine the doctor gave me did not help me, and I was getting worse all the time. And then a young man who had the opposite berth asked me if I would try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and gave me a box he had. I used these and the porter got me two more boxes, and by the time I reached my journey's end, I was feeling some better. I stayed two months on the coast, and continued taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills all that time. I had gained in weight and appearance, and when I started for home I felt better than I had done for years. Now I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house, and both my husband and my young daughter have been benefited by their use. I bless the day that young man on the train gave me his box of pills, otherwise I might never have tried them, and would have still been an invalid."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

National Characteristics

There have been no miracles in this war except as each of the combatant nations have lived up in supreme fashion to its national character and reputation. From Germany were expected extraordinary preparation, good leadership and ruthless determination and self-sacrifice, and in these are found the secrets of German achievements. From France were expected initial blundering and disorganization, splendid courage, good leadership and readiness for self-sacrifice, and these France has shown. Russia has been Russia—ineffective in sustained offensive, splendid on the defence, receiving terrific blows without succumbing. England has been England, prepared on the sea, unprepared on land, muddling, quarrelling, resolute under adversity, growing stronger with time.—New York Post.

Music and War-time

Since the days when Taillefer, the minstrel, led the hosts of Normans to victory in the battle of Hastings, history has not furnished us with a more dramatic picture. The tall singer, clad in his coat of mail, sat upon his prancing war horse, and tossed and caught his great sword as he rode at the head of the invading army. And he sang, how he must have sung, and the whole army behind him joined in a song until the very hills seemed to shake to the mighty volume of sound. Before then and since then music has been as necessary a part of warfare almost as the sword—music, or its counterpart, the inspiring, piercing, overwhelming battle cry.—Victoria Colonist.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying the best of remedies—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Giving a Bias Toward Agriculture

A speaker on "the desirability of giving a bias towards agriculture in the science teaching in schools" at the annual meeting of the Association of Public Schools Science Masters, in England recently, said that it was very important that the land should be put to its fullest use by means of a more intensive cultivation. After the Franco-German war it was the peasant proprietors of France who, more than any section of the community, paid the war indemnity. Last year Britain lost 1,200,000 agricultural workers. In 1851 12 per cent. of the population were connected with agriculture, and in 1911 this figure had fallen to 5 per cent.

Might Be Dangerous

A sentry in the dead of night had levelled his rifle at the chauffeur of a staff car because the car had not stopped instantly on challenge, somewhere in France. "I'll have word with you, young fellow," said the irate driver. "Allow me to inform you that this car can't be stopped in less than twenty yards. If you go shoving that rifle of yours in people's faces, someone will get shot before this war's over!"

HOME TREATMENT—Describe your disease,

and write for free booklet and testimonials.

THE CANADIAN CANCER INSTITUTE, LIMITED

16 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

Watch Your Colts

For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptoms of any such ailment, give small doses of that wonderful remedy, now the most used in existence.

SPORN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

For sale by any good druggist, harness dealer, or delivered by

SPORN MEDICAL CO.,

Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.



Young Man, Don't Wait Until You are Fifty

Before You Begin to Save Up For Old Age.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

WILL SAVE MONEY AND MAKE MONEY FOR YOU

Talk With One of Our Agents.

Insect Pests In Canada

Means For Controlling Insect Pests Throughout Dominion

In the report of the Dominion entomologist for the year ending March 31st, 1914, which has just been published, an account is given of the activities of the Entomological Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, in the matter of controlling insect pests throughout Canada and all who are interested in this subject will be repaid by a perusal of this record of a year's work. The department now maintains nine field laboratories in different parts of the Dominion at which investigations on various insect pests are carried on. This line of work constitutes the chief aspect of the work of the branch. A large amount of work is necessitated by the administration of the Insect and Pest Regulations of the Destructive Insect and Pest Act, involving the inspection and fumigation of trees and plants entering Canada. Perhaps one of the most interesting of the activities of the branch is the work carried on against the Brown-tail Moth in Eastern Canada particularly, the importation and establishment of the parasites of this insect and the Gypsy Moth. A map is given showing the places in Canada where the Moths have been distributed by the department.

Other branches of work covered by the report are investigations on insects affecting cereals and other field crops, including an account of the notorious army-worm outbreak in 1913; insects affecting fruit crops, as the result of which investigation work of great practical value has ensued; insects affecting forest and shade trees in which an account of the investigations of Stanley Park, Vancouver, which has been so seriously affected by frost insects is given; insects affecting domestic animals and man and insects affecting garden and greenhouse. The report is a record of the work of the department of agriculture which not only affects agriculture, but also forestry and public health. Copies of this report may be had free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, and requests for the report may be mailed free. All inquiries regarding insect pests should be addressed to the Dominion Entomologist, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, and no postage is required on such letters.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless inflammation can be taken out of the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., TORONTO, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pow Gimmers Seeds.

Established 1856

Everything worth growing in

Flowers and

Vegetables

is offered and illustrated in our handsome Catalogue, together with full cultural instructions. Sent free on request. Write for a copy.

J. A. SIMMERS, Limited

Toronto, Ont.

A TREATISE

on the

Horse-

FREE!

We offer free this book

that tells you about

many of the diseases

afflicting horses and

how to treat them.

KENDALL'S SPRAIN CURE

is a safe and reliable remedy. It will

cure Hints, Sprains, and other bony

enlargements. It is also a reliable

remedy for Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Cuts

and Lameness. It does the work safely

and at small expense.

Read what James M. Thompson, Fraser

Mills, B.C., writes: "Kindly send me one

of your horse books. I have a Veterinary

book which I paid \$5.00 for. But I

believe I can get more satisfaction

out of Kendall's Treatise

on the Horse."

Kendall's Spavin Cure is

sold at a uniform price

of \$1.00 a bottle, 6

for \$5.00. If you

cannot get it or

your free book

write to

Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.,

Seaboard, Va., U.S.A.

Kendall's is Horse

Insurance 102

For Information Regarding
Vulcan and District
Write the
Secretary of the Board of Trade
VULCAN, ALBERTA

Queen Cafe

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream

Confectionery and Candies
Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks.
VULCAN - Alberta

R. W. Glover

Agent for Mason & Risch Pianos
VULCAN - ALBERTA

M. H. KAHLER

Watchmaker and Jeweler
OPTICIAN
Eyes Tested Free
VULCAN - ALBERTA

THE VULCAN BAKERY

BEST BREAD DAILY

Catering

F. SMART - Vulcan

Professional

STANLEY D. SKENE, B. A.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Money to Loan
Bank of Hamilton Chambers
VULCAN - ALBERTA

P. W. L. Clark

Barrister,
Solicitor and Notary Public
Loans Arranged
Vulcan Street, Vulcan, Alberta.

DR. G. M. CARSON, M.B.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Vulcan - Alberta
P.O. Box 39, Phone 18.

R. K. B. KNOWLES, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon
VULCAN - ALBERTA
Phone 44

DENTISTRY

Dr. C. H. NELSON

Dentist
VULCAN - ALBERTA

JACK THOMPSON

AUCTIONEER

MAKE YOUR DATES WITH

FLOOD & WHICHER

Real Estate Agents

VULCAN - ALBERTA

DR. M. MECKLEMBURG

Graduate Optician

Regular visits as announced
in the local news

F. G. MATHEWS

Sanitary Plumbing
Gas and Steam Fitting

Reid Hill, - Alberta

J. A. BISHOP

Painter and Paperhanger
Apply to International Ware-
house, Vulcan, Alberta

C. C. REBBE

Auctioneer
VULCAN, ALBERTA
Phone R 1104

For dates available see
C. B. SHIMP
VULCAN - ALBERTA

Spring Ploughing

Anyone requiring breaking and spring
ploughing, apply to E. W. Harper,
Vulcan. Work guaranteed.

The Vulcan Advocate

CHARLES CLARK - Proprietor
R. W. GLOVER - Managing Editor

Published every Wednesday in the
Heart of a Wonderfully Rich
Farming and Ranching
District

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 per year; For-
eign Countries \$2.00. Exchange must
be added to cheques.

Making Laws for Posterity.

One of the bitterest sides of a quarrel of any kind is that which leads men to pledge themselves to upholding enmity. Private and public misunderstandings have this side to their nature, and we often find nations following the same line of thought as the individual in this respect.

At present we have the spectacle of a certain faction of men taking this stand in regard to the Central Powers against whom we are fighting. This faction takes upon itself the onus of deciding that after the present military war they will do their best to inaugurate another and no less deadly war, one of boycott against their present enemies.

By this they mean that when the war is over, Germany and her Allies are to be treated as outcasts for ever and a day. Of trade or intercourse with them they will have none whatever, neither shall there shall be social dealings, but instead there shall be reared between the Central Powers and the rest of the world an insurmountable barrier which neither, time, the Germans, or their Allies shall ever cross.

These good people, righteously indignant against Germany and her Allies, are only making one mistake, they are allowing themselves to be carried away and are not basing their conduct on the teaching of all time; they are trying to make laws for posterity, and history so far has not shown where the laws of one generation are carried through by the next. To pretend the possibility of carrying on a boycott of Germany after the war is absurd; it cannot be done any more than the British boycotts of France and America after wars with those countries were carried out, and in each case they were elaborately planned. To talk of punishing Germany through all time in this manner is a waste of time, and such methods could only mean the preparation for a greater and more intense jealousy on her part in the future.

There is a new world every generation, and the coming one, is, we all hope, to be wiser than the present. What is wanted after the war is understanding, not bigotry.

Municipally Owned Rinks.

The question of a skating rink has so far appealed to the council that a meeting of the ratepayers is to be called this week in order to consider the raising of debentures for the necessary expenditure, and it will be up to the citizens to say whether the village shall invest in a skating and curling rink.

The idea is, we think, a good one, and we have only to consider what has been done by the citizens themselves, and the money that has been put into these affairs during the past few years to see where a permanent investment of this kind would be advantageous. For the past few seasons the people have gone ahead and put money into skating and curling rinks as a pleasure proposition only; after the season was over the buildings have been torn down, and what might have been a source of revenue has ended by returning nothing, and, in some instances money has been lost, because fresh expenditure has had to be made the following year.

Now had any of these same

buildings been erected with a view to permanency, and run by the village with the idea of paying off the debenture interest and capital, we should have been very much further ahead besides having something which was worth money.

If the idea does go through, and there is little doubt of its favour with the ratepayers, the village must allow for its use, absolutely free, by the school children during certain hours of the week. That is, one of the chief pleas for a public rink, the healthy enjoyment it can give to the boys and girls of the village who have little enough in all conscience as playgrounds at present.

Why Not a Hansard?

The question recently raised in the provincial house regarding the advisability of a Hansard has moved some of the daily newspapers to discuss the question. One of the remarks, that of the Albertan, to the effect that the reading public get nothing but a garbled report of the Edmonton proceedings, according to the political leanings of the newspaper they read, is about the truest thing we have heard for some time. Even the headlines of the reports are framed in such a manner as to have a political bias, and were the same report to appear in two papers of different political leaning, the headlines could safely be relied upon to give the show away as to what the paper was, whether liberal or conservative.

Desite opinions to the contrary what the country really needs is a Hansard or something which will tell the people what is going on at Edmonton. The party-coloured reports which we get in the dailies may be to the taste of the strongly party man, but at the same time there are people in the province who think more along lines of good government than party government and for their sakes, as they are many, and their number is growing, it would be as well to have some means whereby they could learn what the government is doing for us.

Everybody admits that no non-party reports come through to the public, and yet, if not a Hansard as a means on enlightenment, what other way is there? The objection that people would never read them is hardly based on fact. And an intelligent distribution of the Hansard through libraries and reading rooms would surely be a move in the right direction.

Cross Seeding.

During the past few seasons the topic of cross seeding has always been a fruitful one for conversation if not for practice. It has long been debated as to whether a man, by sowing his grain up and down, and across his field, gets a better crop than if he sows simply in one direction.

Some of the farmers who have never done it before, are, we hear, to give the cross seeding an experimental chance this season. Of course it entails more work as practically the same amount of land has to be covered twice, where, in the other way it is only traversed once. But a man with the necessary horses and drills can afford to put in the labour.

The theoretical answer is by cross seeding a man gets a better crop than by the other method. He sows practically the same amount of grain as in the other method. But his seed gets advantages which the other does not. For instance, it is more evenly distributed over the land, and the seed has a greater area from which to draw its moisture. Especially would this be advantageous in a dry summer when moisture is scarce. Then again, by being more evenly scattered over the land, the growing grain gets a better amount of sun. And there are other things to be said for cross seeding, but what would be of interest would be for someone in the district to put their seed in in both ways, and compare the results.

OUR WEEKLY SPECIAL

MEN'S SHIRTS 80 Cts

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY—Starts on
Saturday—Good for One Week

Get Our April Grocery Price List

H. W. REEVES

VULCAN, - ALBERTA

Prelude Wheat For SALE

Price
Per Bushel
\$2.00

Guy Walker
Massey-Harris
Implements
Vulcan, Alberta

Individual Tailoring

The Latest Spring
and Summer Patterns

Style, Fit and Satisfaction
GUARANTEED

GENT'S
Made-to-Measure Suits
from \$20 up

LADIES'
Made-to-Measure Suits
from \$25 up

Call and Inspect Our Stock

PETER GILLESPIE
VULCAN, - ALBERTA

The Churches

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. F. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. A. Elves, Clerk of Session; R. L. Elves, Clerk of Managers.

Morning Service 11 a.m., Sunday School 2.30 p.m.; Evening Service 7.30 p.m. Services held in the Masonic Hall.

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. F. A. Elves, President; Mrs. W. F. Jennejohn, Vice-President; Mrs. D. K. Allan, Secretary; Mrs. A. M. Trail, Treasurer.

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M. G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

D. K. Allen, W. M.
D. C. Jones, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. SAMARITAN LODGE

No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA.
Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.
Wm. Richie, N. G.
G. M. Whicher, Sec'y

Clarence Davis

Auctioneer

Live Stock and Farm
Sales a Specialty
Champion, Alberta
See Arthur Mitchell & Co., Vulcan, or
Phone 204, Champion, for dates.

AUCTIONEER

H. E. ELVES

Provincial Licence
P. O. Box No. 51 Vulcan

A. R. BOND

BRAND READER

Eastway.

Owner of horses branded on Left
Shoulder

THE Lineham Lumber Co.

LIMITED

Vulcan - Alberta

Lumber

Slabs, Firewood, Windows, Doors
and Finish

Get our Prices.

JOHN DEWIE, REPRESENTATIVE

Homestead Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.
Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.
In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.
Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.
A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.
The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. -64888

B. G. RESTAURANT

Ice Cream

Meals served at all hours
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft
Drinks, Candies, Fruit.
VULCAN - ALBERTA

Production and Thrift

GROWING CROPS ON STUBBLE LAND IN 1916

The Empire's Demands for food are greater this year than last. Less summer-fallow and less fall ploughing than usual in 1915 make it necessary that the farmers of the Prairie provinces in 1916 shall sow extensively on stubble land

MR. J. H. GRISDALE, Director, and the Superintendents of the Dominion Experimental Farms, urge the following upon the Farmers:

STUBBLE LAND OF FIRST CROP AFTER FALLOW

Burn stubble thoroughly as soon as surface is dry. Fire about noon time when steady wind is blowing. Cultivate at once about two inches deep, then sow the wheat and harrow immediately afterwards. If possible, where area is large, harrow first, then cultivate, seed, and harrow again. In Eastern Saskatchewan sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ bush. per acre; in Western Saskatchewan $1\frac{3}{4}$ bush. On light soils and dry lands sow $\frac{1}{4}$ bush. less.

STUBBLE LAND OF SECOND CROP AFTER FALLOW

Usually this land should be summer-fallowed, but this year much of it must be in crop. Burn stubble if possible. This may be helped by scattering straw freely over the field. Wrap old sacking about the end of a 4-foot stick. Dip in gasoline. Set on fire and shake on straw and stubble. Carry gasoline in open pail. If stubble is too light to burn then cultivate, harrow and seed a little lighter than above. Oats and barley will do better than wheat. If shoe drills are used plough instead of cultivating. Plough, pack or roll, and then harrow, if land is grassy or weedy. In the drier sections at least one-third of all cropping land should be summer-fallowed every year.

STUBBLE LAND OF THIRD CROP AFTER FALLOW

Do not sow to grain, but summer-fallow. Better use your spring labour on other stubble land and thus make sure of crops in 1916 and 1917. Put your labour on land that is likely to give best returns.

SEED

Sow only clean, plump seed of tested variety. Use the fanning mill thoroughly and treat seed for smut. Have horses, harness and machines in good shape before starting work.

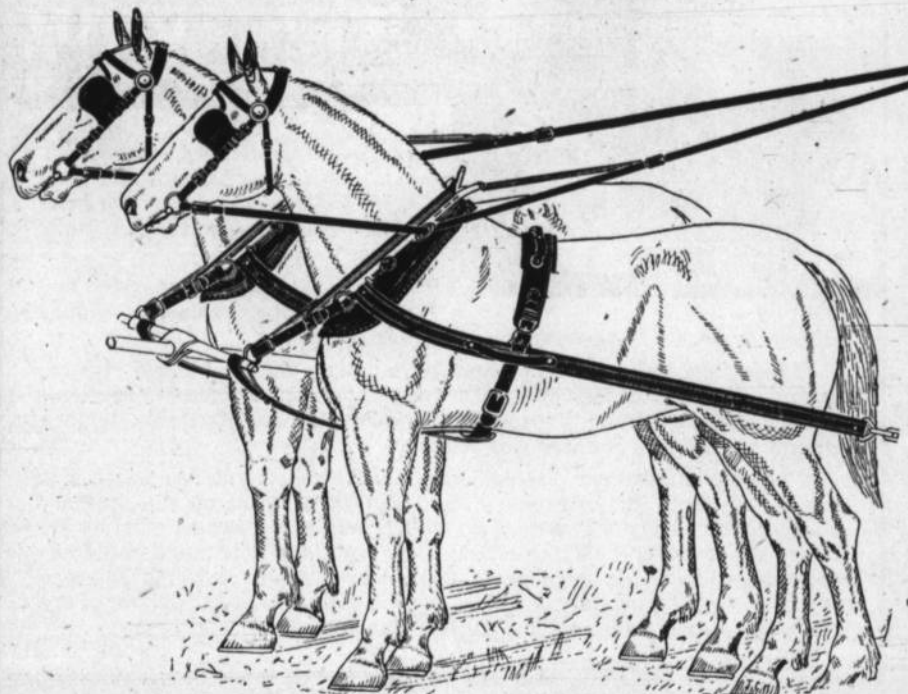
THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

We Carry a Complete Line of HARNESS and ACCESSORIES

HEAVY FARM HARNESS



TRACES—Heavy 2 inch leather with 1 1-8 inch layer, 6 feet two inch inches long and 7 link heel chain. HAMES—No 8 Concord or Nubia Knob steel. BREAST STRAPS and MARTINGALES— $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch heavy stock. PADS—Two Ply 2 inch with felt housing LINES—1 inch double and stitched at cross check. COLLARS—Long straw throat collars thong stitched.

Price Less Collars 32.00

Complete with Collars 39.00

Irving's Ltd.

WHAT TO DO WITH POULTRY NEXT MONTH

April is the month for Hatching on most of the Farms

For most farm poultry plants April should be the month for hatching, though care must be taken that chicks are not hatched before they can be looked after, because of cold weather or lack of proper appliances.

Mate the breeders—The selection was made last month, and if the mating was not done at the same time it had better be seen to now. Mate with the hen a good vigorous cockerel, and if there are more hens in one pen than one male can look after, use two more males; allowing in the general purpose breeds about ten females to a male; in the lighter breeds, fifteen to twenty females may be used. It is a good plan where the flock is larger than this to alternate the males, that is, put one male in the flock each day and have coops for the other male or males.

If pullets are used—Should it be necessary to breed from the pullets, select them with care, taking those that laid the earliest last fall; but be sure that they show plenty of vigor and are well matured. With the pullets, a year-old cockbird can be used or, if this is not available, a good well matured cockerel.

Time to fertilize—It is a good plan to mate the birds about two weeks before eggs are required for hatching; though with a small number of females and a good, vigorous male a week, or even less, will insure good fertility.

Hens or incubators—If less than one hundred chicks are required and the natural methods of incubating and brooding have given good results, it may be best to continue them. Should more or earlier chicks be required, the incubator is, no doubt, better. If any person in the neighbourhood does 'custom hatching' give it a trial. There are a number of good makes of small machines sold in Canada, most of which give good results.

If natural incubation is used, have the hens set in a place by themselves and use some convenient nest that will give absolute control over the setting hens. It is a good plan to set a number of hens at one time. Test the eggs as you would in the incubator and double up after each testing, and again double up when the chicks are hatched.

Does Dairying Pay?

Recently a proprietor of a large, modern business in a thriving city was heard to remark: "My 12 months' trade shows, after allowing myself a low weekly income, not one cent of profit, on all the capital, risk and worry." He distinguishes closely between income and profit for the year.

Does the average dairyman consider his farm business in the same light, each department of its many activities, grain, poultry, lumber, pork, hay, milk? Further, does he distinguish between income and profit when dealing with the herd? If, and much depends on that word 'if', each cow makes a good profit he is indeed well-off. Even if a good cow is responsible for a good income, things are not too bad. If some of your cows waste good feed because they are not possessed of ability to make milk economically, find it out; turn waste to profit. Make the cows keep you; that is their job; you need profit on the feed, profit to pay for your investment of capital; risk and worry, the same as any merchant. A letter to the Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa, will bring you, free of charge, milk record forms, either daily or three days per week, feed record forms, and a herd record book. When you note down total

production and closely estimate cost of feed by occasional weighings, you arrive at individual profit. Make each cow pay a good profit.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHEAP—One section raw land, about 9 miles from Vulcan, excellent mixed farming, all fenced, easy terms, Flood & Whitcher, Vulcan, Alberta.

Runsabout For Sale

One Hupp runsabout for sale. See Chester Wallace at Terwilliger's elevator.

For Sale

Good Seed Potatoes, fine for cooking. Apply to A. G. DICKINSON, Vulcan, 14

Piano For Sale

Good Gourlay Piano, in good condition. Apply Advocate Office.

FOR SALE

As I am giving up dairying I am offering 10 head of milk cows, 1 fresh other to calve about March and April; 5 2 1-2 year old heifers to calve soon. All of good milk strain. Terms cash or bankable note to Nov. 1, 1916, bearing 8 per cent. interest. J. B. Dew, Vulcan.



TO RENT

CHAMBERS—In the Bank of Hamilton Block, suitable for professional men, or as rooms for bachelors. \$8, steam heated, electric lighted. Apply Manager, Bank of Hamilton, Vulcan.

BARN FOR RENT

Barn with big hay loft, will hold 6 to 7 horses. Apply at Advocate Office.

ESTRAY

On N.E. 12-16-25, one black gelding, about 17 hands high, weight about 1400 lbs., age about 8 years old. Branded on right thigh  and  on right shoulder. Gentle. GEO. TODD, Brand Reader, Vulcan. 31-3t

GRAIN DRILLS FOR SALE

Two McCormick 22 disc grain drills, nearly new, \$75.00 each. One second-hand Deering 20 disc drill for \$35.00. Terms arranged. E. M. HOLLISTER, 10-16-55 31-4

NOTICE

Village of Vulcan

NOTICE is hereby given that the back yards and alleys at the rear of all property in the village must be cleared of all refuse and garbage on or before Monday, May 1st, otherwise the Bylaw will be enforced.

Council of the Village of Vulcan, A. J. FLOOD, Secretary-Treasurer

Tenders Wanted

TENDERS will be received up to April 10th next for concrete cistern with capacity of fifty barrels, anti-freeze pump attached to filter at bottom of cistern, filter to be made of brick and charcoal, cistern to have re-inforced cement roof with clean-out door, and 12 inch walls. Cistern to be so built that 10 barrels of water is below the frost level.

F. G. MATHEWS, Sec.-Treas. Reid Hill School District, No. 1847

No. 1

Timothy Hay

Always on hand

For Sale

Vulcan Livery

R. E. DODDS, Prop.



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 4th April, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twice per week each way, between Lake McGregor and Reid Hill, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tenders may be obtained at the Post Office of Lake McGregor, Reid Hill and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, D. A. BRUCE, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary, 3rd March, 1916. 30-3t.

Money to Loan

I have money to loan on well improved farm lands, on easy terms. Farmers note that no life insurance is required in this proposition. For particulars see A. M. TRAIL, Bank of Hamilton.

J. HARRIS & CO.

Employment Agent

CALGARY and LETHBRIDGE. If you are in need of farm help phone the above. Calgary M 4455, or Lethbridge 1412.

ROYAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream

Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies, Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes

Jang Lin, Proprietor

Before You Buy Your

Fanning Mill

or Sleigh

Call around and inspect our stock.

"Foston" and "Winner" fanning mills and John Deere and Tudhope - Anderson sleighs.

These bear Inspection

Vulcan Co-Operative Ltd.

VULCAN ALBERTA

We are Shipping HOGS on Wednesday, April 12

BANK OF HAMILTON

ESTABLISHED 1872

ECONOMY

It is not as easy to acquire the saving habit as to learn extravagance. The incentive to economize is now very real. Open a savings account at the Bank of Hamilton. Interest allowed on deposits of One Dollar and upward.



BANK OF HAMILTON

A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000
Capital Paid-up - \$3,000,000
Surplus - \$3,475,000

Rheumatism Goes Quickly Its Virus Forever Destroyed

EVERY CASE IS CURABLE

Good-bye to Rheumatism!
Your aching joints, your stiff, sore muscles, those sleepless nights and suffering days—good-bye forever—your day is gone.

Sufferer, cheer up, and read the good news below.
"A man met me a month ago, and said, 'don't stay crippled, quit complaining, limber up.' My answer was, 'I'm rheumatic, I can't do it.' He looked me over in a pitying sort of way and told me to go to the nearest drug store for Nerviline and Ferrozone. The combination had cured him. I was convinced of his sincerity and followed his instructions. I rubbed on Nerviline three times every day—rubbed it right into my aching joints. The pain quickly lessened, and I became more limber and active. To draw the virus of the disease from my blood I took two Ferrozone Tablets with every meal. I am well today, not an ache, not a pain and no sign of stiffness at all."

What Nerviline can do in a case like this it can do for you too. For nearly forty years Nerviline has been recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago and Sciatica and Lame Back. It is the one remedy that never disappoints.

Year's Result of Von Tirpitz Campaign

The German submarine campaign was begun one year ago. Here is the result:

About 800 vessels of total tonnage of 1,300,000 sunk.

Two thousand non-combatants, including 118 Americans, killed.

From 18 to 40 German submarines sunk by allied warships or trapped in nets.

England declared virtual blockade of Germany as reprisal against torpedoing.

Germany involved in serious controversies with the United States.

Submarine campaign reached its greatest effectiveness last June or July, when three or four vessels were sunk.

Counter measures taken by the British admiralty and the French ministry of marine were so successful that the monthly average torpedoings is now less than a dozen.

Corns cripple the feet and make walking a torture, yet sure relief in the shape of Holloway's Corn Cure is within reach of all.

Providing for Settlers

In most of the discussion about providing homes for settlers upon new farms reference has been made chiefly to men. Yet we venture to say that the most important factor in the case is the women. A contented and happy wife means more to a man on the new farm than anything else. Men under almost any circumstances can meet other men, at least occasionally; but the wife and mother on a new farm is too often subjected to a degree of isolation that makes life almost intolerable. There are many young men who, for themselves, would not mind the loneliness of a pioneer farm, but who will not ask a woman to share it with them, and no one can blame them.—Victoria Colonist.

"Yassah! Brudder Tump sho' flogged me, and flogged me plenty! He knocked me down and drug me around and beat and mauled me twell muh tongue hung out."

"What yo'all gwine to do 'bout it, sah?"

"Dot What kin I do? De gen'leman done disavow de whole incident!"

Fortune-teller—I see a dark man.

Politician—Shake 'em up again and see if you can pick out a dark horse.

Although the number of beef cattle in the United States is larger than a year ago, it is below the figure for six years ago. It will take some time to catch up with domestic requirements, but with the scarcity of labor there will be over-production in beef sooner than in dairy products.

PERSONALS.

A Prominent Ontario Woman Speaks.

Welland, Ont.—"I am glad I heard about Dr. Pierce's remedies. When I was tired-out and worn-out I used 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' It is true that they are grand remedies, and I found that they built me up and made me feel like a new person. I believe I used seven bottles in all. I have recommended Dr. Pierce's remedies to several of my acquaintances."

"I have one of the Common Sense Medical Advisers and think very highly of it."—MRS. MAY CLARK, 117 State St., Welland, Ont.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a tonic and builder that brings new activity to the liver, stomach and bowels in a short time, thus causing salivations, indigestion and constipation to disappear.

Good blood means good health; good health means strong men and women, full of vigor and ambition, with minds alert and muscles ever willing. Any medicine dealer will supply you with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in either liquid or tablet form. Send to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser—a great doctor book—of 1008 pages, cloth bound—answers many important questions. Copy will be sent, customs prepaid, for 50 cents (or stamps) to pay wrapping and mailing charges.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated and easy to take as candy.

W. N. U. 1098

The Many Uses of Army Forms

A Big Task to Keep an Army Supplied With Stationery

You have probably never reflected on the essential importance of the stationery service to the army in the field. A shrewd observer once remarked that an army marches not on its stomach, but rather on its army forms. For at every step the army has need of the stationer. He must supply it with its hundred and one varieties of army forms for writing orders, despatches, requisitions, with labels of all descriptions, from the labels for the trucks consigned to the different formations in the field to the labels attached to the wounded, indicating the nature of their wounds and those attached to the kit of men killed in action. An individual can generally beg or borrow pen and ink or indelible pencil.

In all its forms and posters and labels and publications you keep coming across the romantic, the exciting side of war—the posters in French and Flemish offering a reward of 2,000 francs for information leading to the arrest and conviction of a spy, the secret documents, of which perhaps only a score are printed for the use of the highest commands, the short service for the burial of the dead and slain in action, the field postcards printed in the world-old languages of the east.

The army stationer's organization comprises a score of officers and some 260 men, dealing daily with a hundred different branches of the stationery department, but so perfect is the organization that its builder and head can control it without confusion or fuss from his little first floor back at G.H.Q.

The army stationer's services attend the soldier from the moment he reads the recruiting poster until he is pensioned out of the army. It produces the recruiting posters, the soldier's attestation form, his small book, his pay book, his acquittance roll, his casualty sheet, his field service postcard and "green envelope," his wounds card, and, if he is sick in hospital, his note for writing home, his form of discharge from hospital, and, if he is evacuated to England, a card showing the printed address to which he is sent, and, finally, his form of discharge out of the service of the form by which he rejoins when certified fit for duty.

His spiritual side is not neglected. Through the stationer's services he receives his Bible or Gospel in pocket form, a prayer card to carry in his cap, and his little hymn book, while the Jewish soldier gets his nakibound Prayer Book printed in Hebrew and English. Through the same source the soldier is supplied with the form on which he makes an allotment of pay to those at home and, if he is thrifty, application forms for war loan.

On the hygienic side the stationer's services warn him against the dangers of ices, shellfish, uncooked fruit, unboiled milk, and tell him what to do should he be "gassed" or suffering from frostbite.

Figures speak, they say. Up to last June the stationer's services had supplied some 52,000,000 field service postcards (printed in English, Hindi, Urdu and Gurmukhi, the last three for the different races among the Indian troops), nearly 100,000,000 army message forms, 7,000,000 message envelopes, 2,000,000 war diaries and intelligence summary of events (for army record purposes) and 50,000,000 to 35,000,000 respectively of two different types of army form.

These figures have, of course, increased proportionately with the large augmentation of our army in the field since the summer.

Even the famous red tape, also supplied by the stationer's services, has at times to be diverted from its original uses in the interest of the army. Here is a copy of an application received from the ordinance:

"Kindly let bearer have 4,000 yards of tape, red, for use with respirators for urgent issue to the front tonight."

This application was made at the height of the second battle of Ypres during the first German gas attacks. The 4,000 yards of "tape, red," were supplied instantly and reached their destination in time.

It will probably come as a surprise to those who have visions of army commanders penciling despatches in tents at dead of night to know that there are considerably more than a thousand typewriters (in special travelling cases) in use in the field at present. They are kept in order and repaired by travelling mechanics in the stationer's services. There is some question, I believe, of forming a central bureau for typewriting to relieve commands in the field of clerical work.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—My daughter, 13 years old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly,

J. B. LIVESQUE,
St. Joseph P.O., 18th Aug., 1900.

Luxurious Aeroplanes

The Germans are nothing if not thorough. Their military aeroplanes are equipped with a minuteness of detail almost equal to an expensive automobile. The American Boy writes that in the dashboard before the aviator's seat are little drawers containing a flask of stimulant, a thermos bottle, chocolate cubes, a revolver, a sponge for wiping goggles and a set of sharpened colored pencils for marking down the enemy's position, a map case and a set of maps. The aviator's seat is carefully upholstered and the exhaust pipes from the motor are brought up beneath the floor boards so that his feet may be kept warm at high altitudes.

Anti-German League

Seeks to Enroll 1,000,000 Members and Get For Trade Secrets

Destruction of every German influence in Great Britain, internment of all alien enemies, and capture of all German secrets are aimed at by the Anti-German League. This organization is increasing in strength daily, and has the backing of influential business concerns in Britain. It is attempting to gain a million members.

The objects of the league follow:

1. To enroll 1,000,000 members who will take the anti-German pledge.
2. To amend the law relating to alien immigration and the naturalization of Germans as British subjects.
3. To influence legislation for a protective and, if necessary, prohibitive tariff on all German and Austrian-made goods.
4. To investigate German patents, processes and monopolies with a view to imparting knowledge and information to British traders, manufacturers, and others who desire to work same.
5. To negotiate financial and other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.
6. To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

To assist in returning to parliament any candidates, irrespective of party, who will pledge themselves to support the objects of the league, and generally to arrange a series of lectures in all the great towns and cities throughout the country for the purpose of obtaining public support and approval.

Other assistance for British manufacturers who will undertake the production of goods hitherto made in Germany and Austria.

MAKES THE WHITEST LIGHTER YEAST CAKES

The best yeast in the world.

Makes perfect bread.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Navy Men Make Munitions

Giving Their Leisure Time Aboard Ship Without Remuneration

The fact that the men of the British warships are turning out a large amount of war munitions in their spare time aboard ship is revealed in a letter from the munitions minister, David Lloyd George, to Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty, made public recently.

"I have been greatly interested in the details of the splendid work done by the officers and men of the battle cruiser fleet in making munitions," the minister writes. "The output, which has already been reported, is very striking, but more important than the material results is the magnificent spirit which prompted the men to devote their leisure to giving the men in the trenches such loyal and efficient support."

"The fact also that the work is being carried out by the men's wishes, without remuneration, greatly enhances its value."

Major George W. Tiedman of Savannah, Georgia, tells the following about the old-time Georgia editor who was usually mayor, justice of the peace and real estate agent as well.

Upon one occasion one of these editors was busy writing an editorial on the tariff when a Georgia couple came in to be married. Without looking up, without once slacking his pen, the editor said:

"Time's money; want her?"

"Yes," said the youth.

"Want him?" the editor nodded toward the girl.

"Yes," she replied.

"Man and wife," pronounced the editor, his pen still writing rapidly.

"One dollar. Bring a load of wood for it. One-third pine; balance oak."

"Pa, what is an anomaly?"

"I can't explain the term very well, son, but a deckhand on a submarine would be anomalous."

Making Ice in Pans

While the temperature is below the freezing point farmers should take advantage of the opportunity to lay by a supply of ice for next summer. The man with an ice pond needs no instructions, but his less fortunate neighbor need not be without ice—he can freeze it in pans outdoors. An ice plant of this sort will cost from fifteen to twenty dollars.

A double tank should be made of galvanized iron. The inner compartment of this tank should be ten feet long, two feet wide and twelve inches deep. The top of the tank should be slightly wider than the bottom. The inner tank should be divided into six compartments by means of galvanized iron strips. The double tank should be placed near the outdoor pump, where it can easily be filled.

Being exposed on all sides the water in it will freeze very quickly. A bucketful of hot water poured into the space between the tanks will loosen the cakes of ice, each weighing 200 pounds. Four tons of ice will last the average family a year. The cakes may be packed away in the icehouse as they are frozen.

They Soothe Excited Nerves.—Nervous affections are usually attributable to defective digestion, as the stomach dominates the nerve centres. A course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will still all disturbances of this character, and by restoring the stomach to normal action relieve the nerves from irritation. There is no sedative like them and in the corruption of irregularities of the digestive processes, no preparation has done so effective work, as can be testified to by thousands.

Novel Wedding Raiment

The young reporter meant well, but he was not posted in the mysterious details of feminine fashion, and being unexpectedly sent in an emergency to chronicle a fashionable wedding, he was very glad to avail himself of the good-natured hints of a woman journalist who stood beside him and took pity upon his masculine ignorance of chiffons. "That is Lady Betty Blank, with the pink plastron," was one of her hints. Next morning she read with horror "Lady Betty Blank looked very charming, and by a tasteful arrangement concealed the pink porous plaster which her ladyship's delicate strength compels her to wear."

"Ex-Congressman Flub wants a little write-up," remarked the magazine publisher. "What shall we say about him?"

"What did he ever do?"

"Nothing."

"Say he upheld the best traditions of congress. That means little, for or against."

The Recruiting Official—One grand father living? Is he on your father's or mother's side?

The Recruit—Oh, 'e varies, sir; 'e sticks up fer both on 'em—a sort o' noortal.

"Nobody loves a fat man."

"Wrong again. The tailor does."

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

SPRING WORK

Spring work is commencing this week. Are you prepared, is your machinery just what you want for the work?

Whatever your wants may be, we can fill them. Save money and time by having the best and most adaptable.

DRILLS: McCormick and Deering.

PLOUGHS: "P & O" and Oliver.

DISC HARROWS: McCormick and Deering.

International Harvester Company

C. E. HENRY

Office Phone 23. Residence 54
Vulcan, Alberta

VILLAGE OF VULCAN

Ratepayers Meeting

NOTICE

A meeting of the Ratepayers will be held in the Masonic Hall, Vulcan, on Friday evening, April 7th, 1916, at 8 p. m.

Business: Considering the building of a skating and curling rink.

Council of Vulcan, A. J. Flood, Secretary-Treasurer.

DRESSMAKING

Miss Gawley, dressmaker, is at the Bank of Hamilton chambers and will be pleased to meet the ladies of the district who require spring and summer dresses. Moderate prices. 33-4

SERGEANT WAINWRIGHT WRITES FROM FRONT

Tells of Life at Front--Is Still at Same Job, Taking Fuel and Rations to the Trenches Every Night
—Trenches are Very Muddy

In a recent letter to friends in the district, Sergeant Wainwright gives an account of the doings at the front. At the time of his writing he was on leave in England.

He says: "I am home for a few days leave. Up to the present we have had a fairly good time at the front. Our regiment has not been in any big engagement yet, although we have lost quite a lot of men from the bombing operations. We are at a place called Kemmel now, a few miles from Ypres, in fact, almost half way between Ypres and Arras. Both divisions of Canadians practically occupy the line from the above mentioned places.

"I do not suppose I can tell you much about the war for the paper seem to get a pretty accurate idea, but it seems that we have got the upper hand of the enemy on our immediate front, especially with artillery, and I notice that the enemy is not nearly so aggressive this last month or so. They tried the gas again on the 19th of December, but according to reports they lost heavily themselves owing to a change of wind.

"About our men, I must say the spirit and the moral is excellent. If we could only find some way to combat the infernal mud they would not mind the fighting in the least. The soil here seems to be more of a Gumbo, and it is almost impossible to keep a trench up without planks or a very close and heavy wire netting.

"I am still on the same job, so I do not have to stay up in the trenches. I have to take the rations and fuel up every night. Of course you understand that it is almost suicide to go running about too close up in the daytime, so everything has to be done at night.

"At present the regiments are

doing six days in and six days out, but in the inclement weather they generally do two in and two out, and I must say that conditions are very good. Every time a man comes out he can get a clean change of clothes and hot shower baths. The feeding is also very good, fresh meat and bread every day, also vegetables whenever it is possible to get them."

PTE. MOULD DESCRIBES AN ATTACK ON HUNS

A recent letter from Harry Mould states that he has left the hospital and is back on the firing line. His account of recent happenings, given in the letter, below, are of great interest.

"Well, I am once again with the boys in the trenches after being away for nine weeks.

"At present we are staying at a barn for a rest, and by all accounts the boys have certainly earned it.

"Whilst I was away the Brigade was divided into two, two battalions went to assist one part of the line, and we another, and it has been march, march through mud and snow to relieve different troops in trouble and of course we are seeing things at their worst.

"I once thought I knew what a two-hour bombardment was, and thought nothing could be more noisy than the one we experienced which lasted two and a quarter hours. But, oh, my! I know now that experience was play to what we are in for now.

"The old trenches we held have been handed over to fresh troops, and after a few words from the General in command regarding our having held a trench for five months, we left for a rest.

"It appears we are to take over a new line now, right where you read of every day. These trenches are called International trenches as they have changed hands so often. At present the Imperial troops hold them, and I don't see why we Canucks cannot keep the old Union Jack flying above them as long as is required.

"We are certainly getting more and better weapons for trench warfare and think we can now very nearly hand back what the Huns send over every time.

"We gave the Huns a terrible six hours bombardment, using every know shell made including the 60 pounder trench mortar. My goodness, they make a hole 16 feet wide and 5 feet deep, and we sent over about 30 to our beloved chums.

"Previous to leaving our old spot we held since being in France, the boys gave the Huns a farewell visit. About 60 fellows went over to their lines. Fancy our wire cutters working away at wire just in front of the Hun trench.

They cut a place four feet wide in the entanglements. The job took over four hours, and they were so close they could have hit the German sentry on the head. Afterwards, the wirecutters returned and led the bombers and others to where they had cut the opening, and over the boys went, catching the Huns red handed. The sentry got a bayonet through his neck and we blew up a few inactive guns and could have taken a large number of prisoners only there was a stipulated time allowed for fun, so the boys just took a few prisoners, and one who refused to climb his parapet and get over got a bayonet prod. Directly the boys left the German trenches our artillery started in and gave what Huns had not left a nice warm time, leaving a visiting card everywhere possible. The observer says it took them two days to clear out their trenches of dead and wounded. What prisoners we got were anything but starved looking, and had good clean clothes on.

"The following night the Huns were firing their machine guns

and rifles all night long. Our little expedition had given them some idea of our presence, and it didn't hurt to let them know who was who.

"The line is busy now and there are troops in all directions and I am sure we are fully prepared for any old thing that comes along.

FOR SALE—A few good work horses for sale. Some broken. Terms arranged. E. M. HOLLISTER, Vulcan.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper in the country. Apply to Mrs. W. L. Seaman, Vulcan.

Suitable Reward

ESTRAY—From the Berrywater district:

1 sorrel saddle horse, branded CX on left thigh.
1 chestnut mare, branded IT on left shoulder.
6 colts, branded on right shoulder
C. F. NOBLE, Hearnleigh, P. O.

ESTRAY—From J. F. Dole's farm, 5 miles east of Vulcan, 1 brown mare, age 3 years. Branded on right shoulder. \$10 reward for information leading to recovery. E. M. WOOTEIS, Reid Hill.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1.....	.96
" No. 2.....	.93
" No. 3.....	.88
" No. 4.....	.83
" No. 5.....	.75
" No. 6.....	.67
" Feed.....	.60
Rejected No. 1.....	.87
" No. 2.....	.84
" No. 3.....	.79
Oats, No. 2 C.W.....	.29 1/2
" Extra No. 1 Feed.....	.26 1/2
" No. 1 Feed.....	.25 1/2
" No. 2 Feed.....	.24 1/2
Barley, No. 3.....	.40
" No. 4.....	.32
Feed.....	.25
Flax No. 1, N. W.....	1.61
" No. 2, C. W.....	1.58
" No. 3, C. W.....	1.55
Rye.....	.60
Eggs.....	.15
Butter.....	.25
Spring Chicken.....	
Fowl.....	
Cattle, live.....	
Cows.....	.09
Hogs.....	.11
Dressed Hogs.....	

A BARGAIN IN PAINTS!

Regular price \$3.25 per gallon and going for \$1.50 per gallon.

This is a chance for you to save money. Hurry up! There is only a limited amount and it will not last long.

We also have a big supply of Decorators pure white lead, linseed oil, paint brushes, sand paper, etc.

Try our Silkstone for a beautiful interior finish, also Alabastine in all colors.

J. WOLFE

Vulcan,

Alberta

An Up-to-date Plant!

Equipped with the latest appliances along with the best skilled workmanship for the production of Fine PRINTING

Whatever Your Wants May Be

We are able to execute them with neatness, despatch and accuracy, and every order receives the same care and consideration.

Perhaps you are still using the old fashioned writing paper without your name and address thereon? Let us quote you prices and show you samples LETTERHEADS, ENVELOPES, STATEMENT FORMS, CATALOGUES PRICE LISTS, BUSINESS STATIONERY, BUTTER WRAPPERS, ETC.

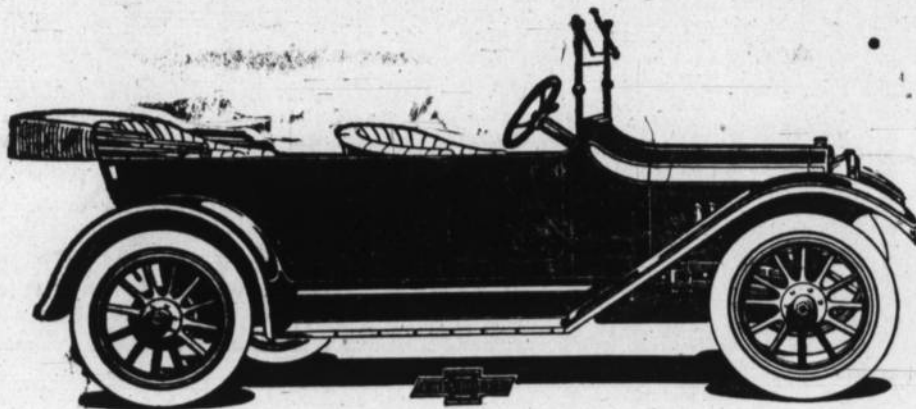
The Advocate Job Press

Before Buying a CAR, Have a Demonstration
of The

CHEVROLET

The Product of Experience with the the Oldest and Largest
Company in Canada in Back of It

Fully Electrically Equipped



MADE IN CANADA

Price \$755 at Vulcan, Fully Equipped

R. D. STOWELL

IMPERIAL HOTEL, VULCAN

Announcement!

I have taken over the entire stock of Messrs. ELVES BROS. General Merchants, and I shall endeavour to keep the store up to its state of high proficiency in **Service to the Public** and respectfully solicit your trade.

From week to week I shall use this medium of keeping you advised on our large stock, which will be of the highest grade and most reasonable prices.

E. E. MacINTOSH

VULCAN

:::

ALBERTA

MARCH SCHOOL REPORT

Senior Department.
Number on Roll.....29
Average Attendance.....30.45
Percentage of Attendance.....70.53
Perfect Attendance—Stella Mutz, Effie Reid, Annie McCliment, Teddy Mutz.
Intermediate Department.
Number on Roll.....38
Average Attendance.....29
Percentage.....76.31
Perfect Attendance—Wilfred Recor, Elizabeth Flood, Everett Gardner, Francis Recor, Ernest Tinkham, Borthia Mutz, Martha Balsted, Cora Gardner, Margaret Allan, Addie Flood.
New Scholars—Berliard McDonald, James McDonald.

Junior Department.
Number on Roll.....43
Average Attendance.....31.34
Percentage.....74.61
Perfect Attendance—Dorothy Tinkham, John Richardson, Albert Flood, Jewel Gardner, Elsie Allan, Florence Recor, Robt. Knowles, Norman Jennejohn, Fred Vanskiver, Ernest Granlein, Lowell Granlein, Norma Vanskiver, Stella Dewie and Grace McKie.
New Scholars—Mabel and Percy Kenney.

Masonic Social Evening

The members of the Vulcan Masonic Lodge held their monthly social evening on Thursday last which was a very successful affair. About fifty persons were present.

The evening was passed at cards and dancing, Mr. and Mrs. S. Washburn of Sunset Valley supplying the music.

Refreshments were served during the evening, and the affair came to a close at about two o'clock the following morning.

**\$141 COLLECTED
FOR MR. COUTURE**

A subscription list on behalf of Mr. Couture, of Ensign, was started on Saturday last, the purpose being to purchase artificial feet for him, and one collector alone, Mr. Martin, Hoffman, collected \$141.50.

The idea was started by Rev. Fr. Smith, of High River.

It will be recalled that some time ago Mr. Couture got badly frozen, losing both feet, all his fingers, and upper parts of his thumbs. The sympathy of his friends took a tangible form and the subscription list was started, and with splendid results.

A list of the subscribers will be published next week.

DRESSMAKING

Miss Gawley, dressmaker, is at the Bank of Hamilton chambers and will be pleased to meet the ladies of the district who require spring and summer dresses. Moderate prices. 33-4

Unreserved AUCTION SALE

A Carload of
HEAVY MARES

weighing 1200 to 1400
will be sold at

**PAISLEY'S LIVERY
BARN**

LOMOND

on

SATURDAY

APRIL 22nd

Terms Cash

Sale Commences at 1
o'clock

**GEO. PARKER,
Owner**

H. E. ELVES, Auct.

FOR SALE—Winter Rye. Apply to
H. McLean, Vulcan.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The necessary amount of stock having been subscribed, we will take over the stock and premises formerly occupied by the T. R. HAYS CO. on Wednesday **APRIL 12th.**

Watch for particulars in next week's Advocate.

VULCAN TRADING CO., LTD.

The Rexall Stores
CANADA'S FAVORITE DRUG STORES

Men women and
children
rely upon
**Rexall
Orderlies**

The laxative
tablet with the
pleasant taste
to relieve
constipation
and sluggish
livers
15¢ 25¢

D. C. JONES

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU



It "Preserves" your house and barn to paint them.

That pays.

It makes the house look better; It makes you feel better.

Brighten up things.

Our Paints "last."

George Pettman